Signature:

Copy to:

Phone:

Date:

Fax:

PATIENT DETAILS							RADIOLOGY CLINIC	
					(07) 352 and guid	ER: Please fa 3 3713. Qsca le patient for nnaires, and p	n will contact booking,	
EXAMINATION REQUESTED					question	inanes, and p	лерагасіоп.	
MRI (specify region and clinical details below)		Nuclear Medicine (tick	sub-option)	OR			
Specialised MRI's (please select)		☐ Bone scan						
MRI liver/pancreas/Chrohn's (tick clinical on back of form)	indication	☐ Cerebral SPECT					pooking please	
MRI pelvis (tick clinical indication on back of f	form)	☐ Parathyroid scan					oook online at	
MRI breast (tick clinical indication on back of	form)	☐ Thyroid scan ☐ Lymphoscintigrap	aby		qscan.co	om.au/bookii	ngs	
MRI prostate (tick clinical indication on back	ofform)	☐ VQ Lung scan	J.I.y					
☐ Plain x-ray		☐ Myocardial perfus	sion study		T 1.6.116	4.05. TD 4.110.FED		
☐ CT scan				rdial perfusional scan. ticked for eligibility:		AGE TRANSFER		
☐ CT dual energy gout study		☐ No MPS claime			☐ Mater Pul	_	RBWH	
□ CTCA		Symptoms of c	-		☐ PAH	Redcliffe	_	
Ultrasound (specify region and clinical details bel	ow)	☐ Not suitable for	r exercise	or echocardiography	Logan	☐ lpswich	☐ GCUH	
		☐ Procedures			Other (please specify)			
		Biopsies						
		☐ Guided injections	(specify reg	jion and clinical details below)	Risk Factor			
DET EVAMINATION					☐ Nil, OR ☐ Greater than 70 yrs ☐ History of renal impairment ☐ Diabetic ☐ On Metformin If any risk factors indicated provide: eGFR: Test date:			
PET EXAMINATION					Previous reaction to contrast: Yes, patient has had previous reaction			
☐ PET with whole body diagnostic CT (head, ☐ Plus extremity (eg. melanoma, sarcoma involvement suspected)	-		s, rheumat	ological or where limb	□ No	t rias riau previous rea	acuon	
☐ PET with localised diagnostic CT (please tide) ☐ Head ☐ Neck ☐ Chest ☐ A ☐ PET with non-diagnostic CT (attenuation contents)	bdo 🗌 Pe	lvis Extremity						
PET/CT MEDICARE REBATEAE Medicare criteria is listed on the back page	BLE STUI	DIES ARE BELO	OW. PL	EASE TICK WHIC	H ITEM API	PLIES.		
Lung	Melanom	na		Head & Neck		Sarcoma (exclu	ıding GIST)	
☐ Solitary pulmonary nodule (61523) ☐ Melanoma ☐ Non-small cell lung cancer (61529) ☐ Gynaecolog		ma (61553)		☐ Staging (61598)		Staging (61640		
		ynaecology		☐ Restaging (61604) ☐ Metastatic SCC unknown primary		Restaging/residual/recurrent (61646)		
Staging (locally advanced) (61524)		cervix carcinoma prima (61571)	ary	staging (61610) Hodgkins or NHL		Rare/Uncommon Cancer Rare/uncommon cancer staging (61612)		
		cervix carcinoma resta	ging					
(61525)	(61575)			☐ Initial staging (61620) ☐ First line therapy response (61622)		PSMA ☐ Prostate staging (61563)		
Brain	_	carcinoma (61565)						
Residual or recurrent malignant tumour	Residual or recurrent malignant tumour Gastrointestinal			☐ Restaging (61628)☐ Second line therapy response (61632)		☐ Prostate recurrence (61564)		
(61538) Refractory epilepsy (61559) Diagnosis of Alzheimer's (61560)		rtal carcinoma (61541) nageal/GOJ (staging) (62	1577)	_ occorie in a a a a app reap	, series (0200 <u>2</u>)			
REFERRING PRACTITIONER'S	DETAIL 9	S						
	2 - 1/NIE			Please provide both Consultant and RMO details for bulk billing to apply. Consultant's signature not required.				
Practitioner's name:				Consultant name:				
Hospital:			00113				2	
Department:			PMO or Pogistrar name:					

RMO or Registrar name:

Provider number:

BOOK AN



For specialised MRI studies p	please ti	ck the relevant clinical indications box below.				
MRI Liver Confirmed extra-hepat planning (63545)	tic primary	malignancy (other than HCC) & CT liver is negative/inconclusive of metastatic disease & identification of liver metastases would change treatment				
MRI Liver Known / suspected hepatocellular carcinoma & chronic liver disease & liver function Child-Pugh class A/B; & Hepatic lesion > 10mm (63546)						
MRI Enterography to evaluate small bowel Crohn's disease (63740)						
MRI Enteroclysis for Crohn's dise	_					
		ted biliary or pancreatic pathology (63482) FOR evaluation of pelvic sepsis and fistulas (63743)				
MRI Pelvis for the investigation of		On evaluation of pervice sepsis and instalas (03/43)				
a) sub fertility that require		ore of the following:				
ii. an assessment of ut	erine mass	Mullerian duct anomaly seen in pelvic ultrasound or HSG s identified on pelvic ultrasound before consideration of surgery nplantation failure in IVF; or				
_		known or suspected deep endometriosis involving the bowel, bladder or ureter where the results of pelvic ultrasound are inconclusive (63563)				
_		osed cervical cancer at FIGO stages 1B or greater (63470)				
_	 MRI Pelvis & Upper Abdomen for staging of histologically diagnosed cervical cancer at FIGO stages 1B or greater (63473) MRI Pelvis for initial staging of rectal cancer (63476) MRI of both breasts where the patient has a breast lesion, AND the results of conventional imaging examinations are inconclusive for the presence of breast cancer, AND biopsy has not been 					
possible. (63531)						
MRI of both breasts where the pa breast MRI may alter treatment p		seen diagnosed with breast cancer, AND discrepancy exists between clinical assessment and conventional imaging assessment, AND the results of (533)				
MRI of both breasts for the detection where the patient is asymptomatically as a symptomatic property of the property of the patient is a symptomatically as a symptomatic property of the patient is a symptomatic property of the patient prop		ncer (63464) rthan 60 years of age and is either at high risk of developing breast cancer, due to one or more of the following:				
i. genetic testing has iden	tified the p	presence of a high risk breast cancer gene mutation in the patient or in a first degree relative of the patient;				
ii. both: A 1 or more 1st or 2nd	d dearee re	elatives was diagnosed with breast cancer at age 45 years or younger; AND				
		ative on the same side of the patient's family diagnosed with bone or soft tissue sarcoma at age 45 years or younger				
iii. had onset of breast cand	cer before	the age of 50 years				
iv. has a personal history o		**				
v. has a lifetime risk estima	ation great	er than 30% or a 10 year absolute risk estimation greater than 5% using a clinically relevant risk evaluation algorithm.				
Prostate MRI for diagnosis (6354	11)					
a) DRE suspicious for prostate ca						
b) Less than 70 years, at least two repeat PSA exceeds 5.5 ng/ml;		specific antigen (PSA) tests performed within an interval of 1-3 months are greater than 3.0 ng/ml, and the free/total PSA ratio is less than 25% or the				
_		ing prostate cancer based on family history is at least double the average risk, at least two PSA tests performed within an interval of 1-3 months are				
greater than 2.0 ng/ml, and the	free/total	PSA ration is less than 25%; or				
_		erformed within an interval of 1-3 months are greater than 5.5 ng/ml and the free/total PSA ratio is less than 25%.				
☐ Prostate MRI for surveillance (63 Patient has not had a diagnostic		d is placed on active surveillance following a confirmed diagnosis of prostate cancer by biopsy histopathology; and is not planning or undergoing				
treatment for prostate cancer.						
PET/CT Medicare rebateable						
Solitary Pulmonary Nodule	61523	Whole body FDG PET study, performed for evaluation of a solitary pulmonary nodule where the lesion is considered unsuitable for transthoracic fine needle aspiration biopsy, or for which an attempt at pathological characterisation has failed.				
NSCLC	61529	$Whole \ body \ FDG \ PET \ study, performed \ for \ the \ staging \ of \ proven \ non-small \ cell \ lung \ cancer, \ where \ curative \ surgery \ or \ radio the \ rapy \ is \ planned.$				
PET Breast	61524	Whole body FDG PET study, performed for the staging of locally advanced (stage III) breast cancer, for a patient who is considered suitable for active therapy (R) (Anaes.).				
PET Breast	61525	Whole body FDG PET study, performed for the evaluation of suspected metastatic or suspected locally or regionally recurrent breast carcinoma, for a				
Brain	61538	patient who is considered suitable for active therapy (R) (Anaes.). FDG PET study of the brain for evaluation of suspected residual or recurrent malignant brain tumour based on anatomical imaging findings, after				
Diani	01336	definitive therapy (or during ongoing chemotherapy) in patients who are considered suitable for further active therapy.				
Epilepsy	61559	FDG PET study of the brain, performed for the evaluation of refractory epilepsy which is being evaluated for surgery.				
Alzheimer's	61560	FDG PET brain for diagnosis of Alzheimer's disease if clinical evaluation (by or in consultation with a specialist) is equivocal. Not repeatable within 12 months and not more than 3 per lifetime.				
Colorectal	61541	$Whole \ body \ FDG \ PET \ study, following \ initial \ the rapy, for \ the \ evaluation \ of \ suspected \ residual, metastatic \ or \ recurrent \ colorectal \ carcinoma \ in \ patients$				
Oesophageal/GOJ	61577	considered suitable for active therapy. Whole body FDG PET study, performed for the staging of proven oesophageal or GOJ carcinoma, in patients considered suitable for active therapy.				
Ovarian	61565	Whole body FDG PET study, following initial therapy, performed for the evaluation of suspected residual, metastatic or recurrent ovarian carcinoma in				
Uterine Cervix	61571	patients considered suitable for active therapy. Whole body FDG PET study, for the further primary staging of patients with histologically proven carcinoma of the uterine cervix, at FIGO stage IB2 or				
Utarina Carviy	61575	greater by conventional staging, prior to planned radical radiation therapy or combined modality therapy with curative intent.				
Uterine Cervix	01373	Whole body FDG PET study, for the further staging of patients with confirmed local recurrence of carcinoma of the uterine cervix considered suitable for salvage pelvic chemoradiotherapy or pelvic exenteration with curative intent.				
Head & Neck	61598	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the staging of biopsy-proven newly diagnosed or recurrent head & neck cancer.				
Head & Neck	61604	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of patients with suspected residual head & neck cancer after definitive treatment, and who are suitable for active therapy.				
Melanoma	61553	Whole body FDG PET study, following initial therapy, performed for the evaluation of suspected metastatic or recurrent malignant melanoma in				
Metastatic SCC Unknown Primary	01333					
Lymphoma		patients considered suitable for active therapy. Whole body FDC PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squameur cell carcinoma of unknown primary cita involving convicel pades.				
Lymphoma	61610 61620	patients considered suitable for active therapy. Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.				
	61610	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to first line therapy either during treatment or within three months of completing definitive first line				
Lymphoma	61610 61620 61622	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to first line therapy either during treatment or within three months of completing definitive first line treatment for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.				
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Lymphoma	61610 61620 61622 61628 61632	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to first line therapy either during treatment or within three months of completing definitive first line treatment for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study for restaging following confirmation of recurrence of Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to second-line chemotherapy if haemopoietic stem cell transplantation is being considered, for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma.				
	61610 61620 61622 61628	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to first line therapy either during treatment or within three months of completing definitive first line treatment for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study for restaging following confirmation of recurrence of Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to second-line chemotherapy if haemopoietic stem cell transplantation is being considered, for				
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Lymphoma Bone or Soft Tissue Sarcoma	61610 61620 61622 61628 61632 61640	Whole body FDG PET study performed for the evaluation of metastatic squamous cell carcinoma of unknown primary site involving cervical nodes. Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of newly diagnosed or previously untreated Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to first line therapy either during treatment or within three months of completing definitive first line treatment for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study for restaging following confirmation of recurrence of Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study to assess response to second-line chemotherapy if haemopoietic stem cell transplantation is being considered, for Hodgkin's or non-Hodgkin's lymphoma. Whole body FDG PET study for initial staging of patients with biopsy-proven bone or soft tissue sarcoma (excluding gastrointestinal stromal tumour) considered by conventional staging to be potentially curable.				

Whole body PSMA PET for restaging of recurrent prostate adenocarcinoma of patient who has undergone prior locoregional therapy and considered suitable for further locoregional therapy to determine appropriate further therapy. Twice per lifetime.

Whole body FDG PET study for the initial staging of a rare or uncommon cancer (<12/100,000 incidence) that is typically FDG-avid & at least 10% likelihood the PET study result will inform change in management. Once per cancer diagnosis.

Prostate Recurrence

Rare / Uncommon Cancer Staging 61612

61564